COURSE OUTLINE

1. GENERAL				
SCHOOL	APPLIED BIO	LOGY AND BIOTE	ECHNOLOGY	
ACADEMIC UNIT	BIOTECHNOLOGY			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	Undergraduate			
COURSE CODE	3500	500 SEMESTER 6th		
COURSE TITLE	IMMUNOLO	GY		
INDEPENDENT TEACHIN	NG ACTIVITIES WEEKLY TEACHING CREDITS HOURS		CREDITS	
	LECTURES		3	0,12
	PRACTICAL EXERCISES		2	0,08
ESSAYS		1	0,04	
TOTAL ECTS (Table 4)			5,00	
COURSE TYPE general background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	Specialised g	eneral knowledg	ge, Skills develo	opment
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	No			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS :	Greek			
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	Yes			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	e-class https://mediasrv.aua.gr/eclass/courses/BIOTECH143/			

2. LEARNING OUTCOMES

LEARNING OUTCOMES

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The course is a basic introductory course on the concepts of Immunology.

This course aims to introduce students to the understanding of the structure and the function of the immune system, emphasizing in mechanisms that activate immune responses.

It refers to basic concepts and methodologies for the study of the maturation and activation of immune cells, antibody production, mechanisms of immune tolerance and immunity in order for the student to gain a complete picture of the functioning of the immune system in physiological and pathological conditions.

Finally, the aim of the course is the understanding of the structure, organization and functioning of the immune system, the complex mechanisms that govern immune responses and diseases associated with dysregulation of the immune system.

Upon successful completion of this course the student will be able to:

• Understand the structure and organization of the immune system.

• Gain full insight into the basic operating principles of the immune system.

- Understand how the innate immune system recognizes and attacks pathogens (self/ non-self recognition) and also interpret the interactions of the innate with the adaptive immunity.
- Gain knowledge of the characteristics of antigens, the structure of antibodies, the sites
 of antigen binding, the classes and biological actions of antibodies, and the production of
 monoclonal antibodies.
- Understand the importance of antibody diversity and the mechanisms that induce it, including rearrangements of immunoglobulin genes for the production of the variable region and the process of class switch for the production of different types of antibodies.
- Gain full insight into antigen-presenting mechanisms of endogenous antigens in MHC I molecules via the cytoplasmic pathway and exogenous antigens in MHC II via the intracellular path.
- Gain knowledge of the mechanisms of T cell maturation and differentiation in the thymus through positive and negative selection, as well as of T cell activation in the periphery.
- Understand how B lymphocytes are developed and selected in the bone marrow and how are activated in secondary lymphoid organs to produce plasma cells or memory cells.
- Become familiar with cell communication mechanisms through the production of cytokines by TH1 and TH2 CD4 + T lymphocytes for effective immune response.
- Gain knowledge in cell-mediated immune mechanisms through the recognition of target cells by cytotoxic T cells.
- Understand how immune system eliminates self-reactive B and T clones either before maturation or in the periphery and gain knowledge about the characteristics of the most important autoimmune diseases.
- In the laboratory, he is trained in tools and cutting-edge techniques of Immunology, and collaborates with his fellow students to evaluate the experimental results and adequately present the results and conclusions of the experimental process.
- Assess the applications of technologies in Immunology and propose their choice for specific projects / programs.
- Acquire knowledge of the tools and techniques of immunology in the field of diagnosis and research in order to indulge further by applying them within postgraduate and professional level.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and	Production of new research ideas
information, with the use of the necessary technology	Project planning and management
Adapting to new situations	Respect for differences and multiculturalism
Decision-making	Respect for the natural environment
Working independently	Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and
Team work	sensitivity to gender issues
Working in an international environment	Criticism and self-criticism
Working in an interdisciplinary environment	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

- Working independently
- Team work
- Decision-making
- Working in an interdisciplinary environment
- Production of new research ideas
- Project planning and management
- Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary

technology

• Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

3. SYLLABUS

- 1. **Overview of the Immune System**: Historical Review. Infection and Immunity. Innate and adaptive immunity. Humoral and cellular mediated immunity.
- 2. <u>Cells and organs of the immune system</u>: Hematopoiesis. Apoptosis. Immune system cells. Immune system organs.
- 3. <u>Innate immunity</u>: Anatomical barriers. Relationships of innate and adaptive immunity. Inflammation. Soluble molecules and membrane receptors. Toll Receptors. Cellular types of innate immunity. Signaling pathways.
- 4. <u>Antigens Antibodies</u>: Immunogenicity- Antigenicity. Basic antibody structure. Antibody binding sites. Antibody functions. Family of immunoglobulins. Monoclonal Antibodies.
- 5. <u>Organization and expression of immunoglobin genes</u>: Polygenic organization of immunoglobulin genes. Gene rearrangements of the variable region. Variety of antibodies. Class switch. Expression of membrane and secretory immunoglobulin.
- Major histocompatibility complex antigen processing and presentation: Organization of the MHC locus. MHC molecules and genes. Cellular MHC expression. The role of antigen-presenting cells. Endogenous antigen - Cytoplasmic route. Exogenous antigen -Intracellular route.
- 7. <u>**T** cell receptor</u>: Structure and roles of $\alpha\beta$ and $\gamma\delta$ T cell receptors. Organization and rearrangement of TCR genes. TCR-CD3 complex. CD4 and CD8 co-receptors. TCR-MHC/peptide binding.
- Maturation, differentiation, activation of T lymphocytes: Maturation of T cells in the thymus. Positive and negative selection. Activation of T cells, stimulatory signals. T cell differentiation. Cell death.
- Maturation, differentiation, activation of B lymphocytes: Maturation of B lymphocytes. Activation and proliferation of B lymphocytes. Humoral response. Germinal centers and antigen-induced B cell differentiation.
- 10. <u>Cytokines</u>: Properties of cytokines. Cytokine receptors. Cytokine production from TH1 and TH2 subpopulations. Cytokine therapeutic applications.
- 11. <u>Cell-mediated cytotoxic responses</u>: Effector T cells. Cytotoxic T cells. Destruction of cells by cytotoxic T cells.
- 12. <u>Tolerance and autoimmunity, Autoimmune diseases</u>: Central tolerance. Peripheral tolerance. Organ-specific autoimmune diseases. Systemic autoimmune diseases. Mechanisms of autoimmunity.

Laboratory: Study of Antibody structure and epitope mapping - ELISA method - Histological analysis of lymphoid organs - Western blot - Flow cytometry.

4. TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION					
DELIVERY	Face-to-face in suitably equipped teaching rooms.				
Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	Distant Learning.				
USE OF INFORMATION AND	The course is completely computerised in the form of				
COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY	Powerpoint, Web linking, etc.				
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	Computer programs and applications are taught and				
communication with statents	distributed to students.				
	Course material also made available to the students via				
	the e-class platform.				
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload			
The manner and methods of teaching are					

4. TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

described in detail.	Lectures	39 h	
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography,	Laboratory practice	26 h	
tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art	Practical report writing	13 h	
workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity,	Independent study	47 h	
etc.	Course total (Total		
The student's study because for each locarian	contact hours and	125 h	
The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-	training)		
directed study according to the principles of the			
ECTS STUDENT PERFORMANCE			
EVALUATION	I. Written final examination (50%) of different		
Description of the evaluation procedure	difficulty, based on the lectures offered, containing:		
Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written	- Questions of multiple choice.		
	- Questions of theoretical knowledge.		
	- Problems based on lecture material.		
work, essay/report, oral examination, public			
presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation,	II. Laboratory exercises/pra	cticals: Written	
other	Examination (35%) of different difficulty, based on the		
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.	lectures offered, containing:		
	- Questions of multiple choice.		
	- Questions of theoretical knowledge.		
	- Problems based on lecture material.		
	III. Group and small autonomous works (15%).		

5. ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

-Suggested bibliography : -Relevant scientific journals: Immunology. Male D, Brostoff D, Roth D, Roitt I. 8th edition, Elsevier. 2012. Kuby Immunology. Goldsby RA, Osborne BA, Kuby J. 6th edition. 2006.